



## CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION

BRYAN T. CAFFERELLI | COMMISSIONER

TO: Licensed Cannabis Establishments

FROM: Department of Consumer Protection, Drug Control Division

DATE: June 26, 2023

RE: Updated Policies and Procedures

Please be advised that the latest edition of the Department's Policies & Procedures is now available on [the Department's website](#) and will become effective July 1, 2023. Licensees are encouraged to become familiar with the changes beforehand, including but not limited to the following items:

### **Section 21a-421j-2. Reportable Events.**

- (a)(3) Makes damage or other event outside of ordinary business that impacts any room containing cannabis a reportable event.
- (d) Requires a written report to the department detailing any corrective measures taken in response to specific events.

### **Section 21a-421j-7. Cannabis Establishment Minimum Security Systems and Equipment Requirements.**

- (a)(7) Allows for security systems that use a monitoring call center to alert authorities.

### **Section 21a-421j-16. Hybrid Retailer and Retailer Prohibitions.**

- (h) Allows for the sale of manufacturer hemp products at hybrid retailers and retailers.

### **Section 21a-421j-26. Cannabis Manufacturing Restrictions.**

- (a)(9) Allows for the use of solvents Generally Recognized as Safe pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or as approved by the Department to be used in the manufacturing and production of cannabis products.
- (b) Provides guidance on the manufacturing of products containing cannabis flower in a pre-rolled form, including the use of wrapping paper and filters.

### **Section 21a-421j-27. Cannabis Content Restrictions.**

- (j) Clarifies that the use of non-cannabis derived flavor is only prohibited in cannabis products intended for inhalation.

#### **Section 21a-421j-30. Cannabis Testing Laboratory Testing.**

- (f)(1) and (2) Clarifies methods for microbiological and mycotoxin testing.
- (l) Allows the Commissioner to waive or require additional testing as necessary.

#### **Section 21a-421j-32. Cannabis Packaging Requirements.**

- (c)(4) Clarifies that the packaging and labeling of edible cannabis beverages must be uniformly one color, but it may be a color other than white.

#### **Section 21a-421j-33. Cannabis Labeling Requirements.**

- (a)(2)(G) Requires the denotation “no known FDA identified allergens” if the cannabis does not contain any allergens identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- (a)(2)(l) As of October 1, 2023, all cannabis product labels must include the appropriate chemotype as designated in Section 41(b)(5)(M) of [Public Act 23-79](#) and the following warning statement for products with a total THC concentration of greater than 30%, “Warning: This is a high-potency cannabis product and may increase the risk of psychosis.”
- (d) Allows for a cannabis product label to have a single logo of the cannabis establishment and limits the color of the logo of the cannabis establishment to only black for edible products.
- (f) Outlines labeling requirements for delivery device cartridges.
- (g)(7) Adds an additional warning statement to be included on an extended content label, a package insert or QR code, as well as the cannabis establishment’s website.

Information will continue to be added to [ct.gov/Cannabis](http://ct.gov/Cannabis) to reflect these changes. To view these updates and more information, please visit <http://ct.gov/cannabis> or email [DGP.Cannabis@ct.gov](mailto:DGP.Cannabis@ct.gov) with specific questions you may have.